

### **SECTION I. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Water-Based Inverted Marking Paint (APWA) Utility Yellow Product code: A03801004 Other means of identification: Not available. CAS #: Not available. Product type: Aerosol. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: Not applicable. Manufacturer: Krylon Products Group 101 Prospect Avenue NW Cleveland, OH 44115 National contact: F4P, 11675 SW Tom Mackie Blvd, Port St. Lucie, FL 34987 Emergency telephone number of the company: (216) 566-2917 Product Information Telephone Number: (800) 247-3266 Regulatory Information Telephone Number: (216) 566-2902 Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: (800) 424-9300 Poison Control telephone number: 1-800-222-1222

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONTION**

**Classification of the** This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard substance or mixture: (29 CFR 1910.1200). FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 26.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 37.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 21.8%



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# **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONTION**

| Hazard statements:              | Extremely flammable aerosol.<br>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>Suspected of damaging the unborn child.<br>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.<br>May cause respiratory irritation.<br>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.<br>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Precautionary stateme           | ents   |
| Prevention:                     | Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.   |
| Response:                       | Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage:                        | Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.<br>Store in a well-ventilated place.   |
| Disposal:                       | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Supplemental label<br>elements: | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent<br>brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling<br>the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of<br>California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.<br>Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool,<br>dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.                               |

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### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONTION

Hazards not otherwise classified:

DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance/mixture:

Other means of identification:

Not available.

Mixture.

CAS number/other identifiers:

| Ingredient name                   | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Toluene                           | 10.87       | 108-88-3   |
| Propane                           | 9.52        | 74-98-6    |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | 8           | 64742-47-8 |
| Butane                            | 4.48        | 106-97-8   |
| Calcium Carbonate                 | 2.33        | 1317-65-3  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.99        | 64742-89-8 |
| Talc                              | 1.01        | 14807-96-6 |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | 0.69        | 14807-96-6 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact:Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check<br/>for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

- Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact:Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue<br/>to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes<br/>thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact:                 | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Inhalation:                  | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause<br>respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact:                | Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion:                   | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                           |
| Over-exposure signs/symptoms |  |

**Eye contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness and watering.

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# SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES -

| Inhalation:                    | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or<br>vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight,<br>increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Skin contact:                  | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation and redness, reduced fetal weight, increase in<br>fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.   |  |  |
| Ingestion:                     | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, reduced fetal weight, increase<br>in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.   |  |  |
| Indication of immedia          | Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary   |  |  |
| Notes to physician:            | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been<br>ingested or inhaled.   |  |  |
| Specific treatments:           | No specific treatment.   |  |  |
| Protection of<br>first-aiders: | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that<br>fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing<br>apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |  |  |

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES -**

| Extinguishing media                                 |   |
|---|---|
| Suitable<br>extinguishing<br>media:                 | Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| Unsuitable<br>extinguishing<br>media:               | None known.   |
| Specific hazards<br>arising from the<br>chemical:   | Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal<br>decomposition<br>products:     | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, metal oxide/oxides.  |
| Special protective<br>actions for<br>fire-fighters: | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.<br>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers<br>from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |

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### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel: | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| For emergency<br>responders:    | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in<br>Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency<br>personnel".  |
| Environmental<br>precautions:   | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.<br>Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,<br>waterways, soil or air).  |
| Methods and materials           | for containment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill:                    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill:                    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.             |



### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from    |
|------------|--|
| measures:  | sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.        |
|            | Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have |
|            | been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist.       |
|            | Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator     |
|            | when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other            |
|            | ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. |
|            | Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.               |
|            |  |

| Advice on general | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored   |
|-------------------|---|
| occupational      | and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove   |
| hygiene:          | contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for    | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and  |
| safe storage,     | well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect   |

safe storage,well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protectincluding anyfrom sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoidincompatibilities:environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name             | Exposure limits  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Toluene                     | OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).                         |  |
|                             | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  |  |
|                             | CEIL: 300 ppm  |  |
|                             | AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.                                     |  |
|                             | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).                          |  |
|                             | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                                       |  |
|                             | TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.                         |  |
|                             | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                                    |  |
|                             | STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                      |  |
|                             | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).                           |  |
|                             | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.   |  |
| Propane                     | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).                          |  |
|                             | TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.                                      |  |
|                             | TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.                        |  |
|                             | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).                            |  |
|                             | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                                       |  |
|                             | TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                         |  |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).                            |  |
|                             | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  |  |
|                             | TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                          |  |
| Butane                      | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).                          |  |
|                             | TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.                                       |  |
|                             | TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.                        |  |
|                             | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).                           |  |
|                             | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.                                   |  |
| Calcium Carbonate           | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).                           |  |
|                             | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.                                   |  |
|                             | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).                          |  |
|                             | TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |  |
|                             | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form:                    |  |
|                             | Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).                      |  |
|                             | TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  |  |
|                             | TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust          |  |

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# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Control parameters** 

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name                      | Exposure limits  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Lt. Aliphatic<br>Hydrocarbon Solvent | None.  |
| Talc                                 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fractionACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| Titanium Dioxide                     | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).<br>TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Toluene         | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin.      |
|                 | 8 hrs 0EL: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
|                 | 8 hrs 0EL: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                           |
|                 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).                    |
|                 | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |
|                 | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).                             |
|                 | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |
|                 | CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.       |
|                 | TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
|                 | TWAEV: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                               |
|                 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. |
|                 | STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.  |
|                 | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |



# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name     | Exposure limits                                  |
|---------------------|--|
| Propane             | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).          |
|                     | 8 hrs 0EL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                     |
|                     | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). |
|                     | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                           |
|                     | CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).           |
|                     | TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                         |
|                     | TWAEV: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.           |
|                     | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).          |
|                     | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                           |
|                     | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).     |
|                     | STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.                       |
|                     | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                           |
| Solvent naphtha     | CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).           |
| (petroleum), medium | TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours.                          |
| aliph.              | TWAEV: 1590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.           |
|                     | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).          |
|                     | TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              |
|                     | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).          |
|                     | 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                     |
| Butane              | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). |
|                     | TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.                            |
|                     | STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.                        |
|                     | CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).           |
|                     | TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.                          |
|                     | TWAEV: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.           |
|                     | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).          |
|                     | TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.                            |
|                     | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).     |
|                     | STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.                       |
|                     | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                           |

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# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Toluene         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

| Appropriate<br>engineering<br>controls: | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|---|---|
| Environmental<br>exposure<br>controls:  | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply<br>with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters<br>or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to<br>acceptable levels.   |

#### Individual protection measures

HygieneWash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smokingmeasures:and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to<br/>remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that<br/>eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

| Eye/face<br>protection:    | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment<br>indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is<br>possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of<br>protection: chemical splash goggles.  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Hand protection:           | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection:           | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed<br>and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When<br>there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest<br>protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |
| Other skin<br>protection:  | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| Respiratory<br>protection: | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate<br>standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to<br>ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.   |



# **SECTION 9.** PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance        |                                 | Vapor density:       | 1 [Air = 1]   |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Physical state:   | Liquid.                         | Relative density:    | 0.87  |
| Color:            | Not available.                  | Solubility:          | Not available.  |
| Odor:             | Not available.                  | Partition            | Not available.  |
| Odor threshold:   | Not available.                  | coefficient:         |   |
| pH:               | 7                               | noctanol/            |   |
| Melting point:    | Not available.                  | water:               |   |
| Boiling point:    | Not available.                  | Auto-ignition        | Not available.  |
| Flash point:      | Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F)     | temperature:         |   |
| ·                 | [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]     | Decomposition        | Not available.  |
| Evaporation rate: | 2 (butyl acetate = 1)           | temperature:         |   |
| Flammability      | Not available.                  | Viscosity:           | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):<br><0.205 cm2/s (<20.5 cSt) |
| (solid, gas):     |                                 |                      |   |
| Lower and upper   | Lower: 0.9%                     | Molecular<br>weight: | Not applicable.                                       |
| explosive         | Upper: 9.5%                     | -                    |   |
| (flammable)       |                                 | Aerosol product      |   |
| limits:           |                                 | Type of aerosol:     | Spray   |
| Vapor pressure:   | 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C] | Heat of combustion:  | 13.914 kJ/g   |

# **SECTION IO. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

| Reactivity:                               | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
|---|--|
| Chemical stability:                       | The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of<br>hazardous<br>reactions: | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| Conditions to avoid:                      | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| Incompatible<br>materials:                | No specific data.  |
| Hazardous<br>decomposition<br>products:   | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

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# SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Toluene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>      | 4 hours  |
| Butane                  | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 636 mg/kg                | -        |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/<br>ingredient<br>name | Result   | Species   | Score                 | Exposure  | Observation |
|--------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------|---|-------------|
| Toluene                        | Eyes - Mild irritant<br>Eyes - Mild irritant<br>Eyes - Severe irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Moderate irritant<br>Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit<br>Rabbit<br>Rabbit<br>Pig<br>Rabbit<br>Rabbit<br>Rabbit | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | <ul> <li>0.5 minutes 100 milligrams</li> <li>870 Micrograms</li> <li>24 hours 2 milligrams</li> <li>24 hours 250 microliters</li> <li>435 milligrams</li> <li>24 hours 20 milligrams</li> <li>500 milligrams</li> </ul> | -           |
| Talc                           | Skin - Mild irritant   | Human   | -                     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent  | -           |
| Titanium<br>Dioxide            | Skin - Mild irritant   | Human   | -                     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent  | -           |

#### Sensitization:

Not available.

| Mutagenicity: | Not available. |
|---------------|----------------|
|               |                |

Carcinogenicity: Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Toluene                 | -    | 3    |     |
| Talc                    |      | 3    |     |
| Titanium Dioxide        | -    | 2B   | -   |

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## SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Reproductive toxicity:** Not available.

Teratogenicity: Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Toluene                              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |
| Propane                              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon          | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                               | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |
| Calcium Carbonate                    | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon<br>Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation<br>and Narcotic effects |



## SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Toluene                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Talc                              | Category 1 | Inhalation        | Lungs          |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Toluene                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Propane                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

InformationNot available.on the likelyroutes ofexposure:Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact:  | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
|---------------|--|
| Inhalation:   | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or<br>dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact: | Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion:    | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                           |

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### SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact:  | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering and redness.   |
|---------------|---|
| Inhalation:   | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations. |
| Skin contact: | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation and redness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.   |
| Ingestion:    | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, reduced fetal weight,<br>increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.  |

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure                |                | Long term exposure                 |                |
|------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Potential<br>immediate<br>effects: | Not available. | Potential<br>immediate<br>effects: | Not available. |
| Potential<br>delayed<br>effects:   | Not available. | Potential<br>delayed<br>effects:   | Not available. |

### Potential chronic health effects: Not available.

| General:                  | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.                     |
|---------------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity:          | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity:             | No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                      |
| Teratogenicity:           | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  |
| Developmental<br>effects: | No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                      |
| Fertility<br>effects:     | No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                      |



# SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates:

| ity | Route | ATE value  |
|-----|-------|------------|
|     | Oral  | 4309 mg/kg |

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                                     | Species                           | Exposure |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Toluene                   | Acute EC50 12500 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water     | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella       | 72 hours |
|                           |  | subcapitata                       |          |
|                           | Acute EC50 11600 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water     | Crustaceans - Gammarus            | 48 hours |
|                           |  | pseudolimnaeus - Adult            |          |
|                           | Acute EC50 6000 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -Juvenile | 48 hours |
|                           |  | (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)  |          |
|                           | Acute LC50 5500 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry | 96 hours |
|                           | Chronic NOEC 1000 $\mu$ g/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna           | 21 days  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water         | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss        | 96 hours |
| Solvent                   |  |                                   |          |
| Titanium Dioxide          | Acute LC50 >1000000 $\mu$ g/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus      | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability:

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential:

| Product/ingredient name   | LogPow | BCF        | Potential |
|---------------------------|--------|------------|-----------|
| Toluene                   | -      | 90         | low       |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon |        | 10 to 2500 | high      |
| Solvent                   |        |            |           |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available.

**Other adverse effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.



# SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

|                               | DOT<br>Classification       | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA  | IMDG                                     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|--|
| UN number                     | UN1950                      | UN1950   | UN1950                     | UN1950  | UN1950                                   |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | AEROSOLS                    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS                   | AEROSOLS,<br>flammable  | AEROSOLS                                 |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 2.1<br>                     | 2.1  | 2.1                        | 2.1   | 2.1                                      |
| Packing group                 | -                           | -  | -                          | -   | -  |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.                         | No.  | No.                        | No.   | No.                                      |
| Additional<br>information     | -<br><b>ERG No</b> .<br>126 | Product classified<br>as per the<br>following sections<br>of the<br>Transportation of<br>Dangerous Goods<br>Regulations: 2.<br>13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous<br>substance mark<br>may appear if<br>required by other<br>transportation<br>regulations. | Emergency<br>schedules (EmS)<br>F-D, S-U |

# Special precautions for user:

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.



### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

| Transport in bulk                                       | Not available. | Ship type:             | Not available. |
|---|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| according to Annex<br>II of MARPOL and the<br>IBC Code: |                | Pollution<br>category: | Not available. |

Proper shipping Not available. name:

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313: SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

**California Prop. 65:** WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health           | 2 |
|------------------|---|
| Flammability     | 2 |
| Physical hazards | 0 |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.



### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1                      | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Date of printing:                   | 1/15/2018   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Date of issue/<br>Date of revision: | 1/15/2018   |
| Date of previous<br>issue:          | 12/1/2017   |
| Version:                            | 10.01   |
| Key to abbreviations:               | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the<br>Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>UN = United Nations |



### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Notice to reader:

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.